







Over 1,000 children and young adults die each year in the United States due to Long QT Syndrome.

Any young person who has experienced unexplained fainting should be tested.

It is extremely important that all family members be tested for these conditions once one family member is identified as having the condition.

SADS' Mission: To save the lives and support the families of children & young adults who are genetically predisposed to sudden death due to heart rhythm abnormalities.

Long QT Syndrome (LQTS)

What is Long QT Syndrome (LQTS)?

- **1.** LQTS is a disturbance of the heart's electrical system, causing an abnormality of the heartbeat, or rhythm of the heart.
- **2.** Because of this abnormality, affected people are vulnerable to sudden fainting (syncope) and even death.
- **3.** Unfortunately, many times the cause of the syncope is overlooked and the events are called simple fainting spells or seizures.
- **4.** Most often, these events occur during physical exertion or emotional stress. In some they occur during sleep.
- **5.** Fortunately, most of these deaths **are preventable** if the condition is recognized and treated.

What are the Symptoms?

- ♥ Fainting episodes (syncope) during or immediately after physical activity
- ♥ Fainting as a result of emotional excitement/distress/startle
- ♥ Family history of unexplained death below age 40

How is it Diagnosed?

The diagnosis is made from an ECG that has been read by a cardiologist, not a computer. Usually a series of ECGs will enable your doctor to diagnose LQTS. In some cases, an exercise ECG or event monitor will clarify the diagnosis.

How Is It Treated?

Treatment is very effective in the vast majority of patients. Medications called beta-blockers are effective in about 90% of patients. In the remaining cases, a pacemaker or automatic defibrillator is used.

A child should be seen by a doctor if she/he has:

- Family history of unexpected, unexplained sudden death in a young person
- Fainting (syncope) or seizure during exercise, excitement or startle
- Consistent or unusual chest pain and/or shortness of breath during exercise

